

Coupling selection / calculation

Choice of coupling

Tractor

Bearing type

1.



Flange bearing

2.1



Lift bearing

2.2



Insert pin bearing

1. Hole pattern at the rear of the tractor:

Coupling with flange bearing and the corresponding hole pattern (see table).

2. Coupling holder on the tractor

2.1 Coupling with lift bearing

2.2 Coupling with insert pin bearing

Calculation

T

1. Tractor weight

In the absence of the D-value:

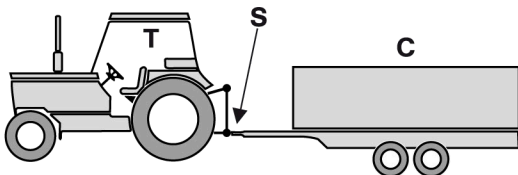
The admissible total vehicle combination weight (currently 40 t) minus the admissible total weight of tractor is the towed load..

S

2. Vertical load

Static vertical load

- Vertical load from the central axle trailer at the coupling point.
- The maximum possible static vertical load depends on the size of the coupling and amounts to 10 % of the total weight of the trailer or 1000 kg (which ever is less). Higher values are possible.
- The static vertical load should be at least 4% of the trailer weight in order to avoid a damaging negative vertical load.
- The level of the vertical load also depends on the speed.



Central axle trailer (C):

Use admissible in principle:

- Size of the central axle trailer depends on the characteristics of the drawbar eye and the tractor unit.
- See table for restrictions
- For speeds >40 km/h the maximum vertical load is 2 t for all coupling devices (EU regulations)

D

3. D-value

D-value (not in all couplings)

Theoretical horizontal force between towing vehicle and trailer, comparative mathematical value of forces between two moving masses.

The D-value can only be calculated from the admissible total weight of **both** masses (towing vehicle **and** trailer).

Calculation of the D-value in (kN):

$$D = g \cdot \frac{T \cdot R}{T + R}$$

T: total weight of the towing vehicle in t

R: total weight of the turntable trailer in t

g: gravitational acceleration (9,81 m/s²)

The calculated D-value can be **equal to or less** than the D-value of the coupling (type plate) or the weakest link in the overall rig.

Where use of the coupling is permitted for the trailer:

$$D = g \cdot \frac{R_1 \cdot R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

R₁: total weight of the trailer on which the coupling is mounted in t;

$$R_1 \geq R_2$$

